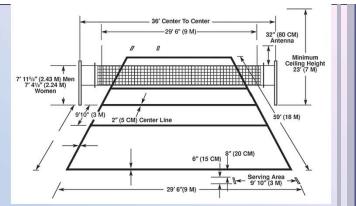


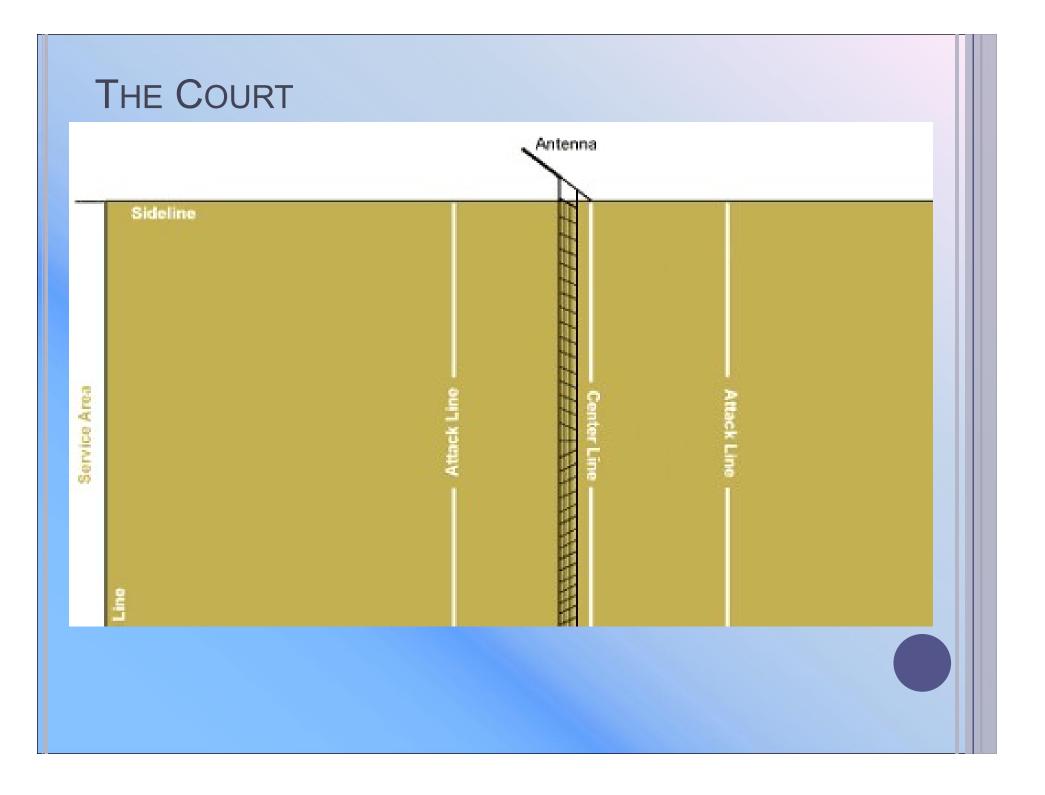
# THE COURT AND MARKINGS



- There shall be at least 6 feet of unobstructed space outside the boundary lines
  - Special rules apply if this is not the case
- Boundary lines
  - End lines short side of court along serving area
  - Sidelines long side of court
- Other lines
  - Center line 2 inches wide, separates the court into two equal playing areas
    - Solid or shadow-bordered
    - Continuous
  - Attack line stretches from sideline to sideline and is 10 feet from the centerline in each playing area

### THE COURT AND MARKINGS

- Serving Area behind and excluding the end line
  - It shall be laterally limited by two short lines
    - Perpendicular to the end line
    - Extensions of the sideline
    - Included in the width of the serving area
  - Shall be a minimum of 6 feet in depth
    - If that space is not available,
      - the serving area shall extend into the court to whatever distance necessary to provide the minimum depth
        And be so marked
- Substitution Zone area near the sideline between the attack line and center line
- Replacement Zone area near the sideline between the attack line and end line
- The court and adjacent playable area must be flat, smooth and free of obstructions other than required equipment and padding

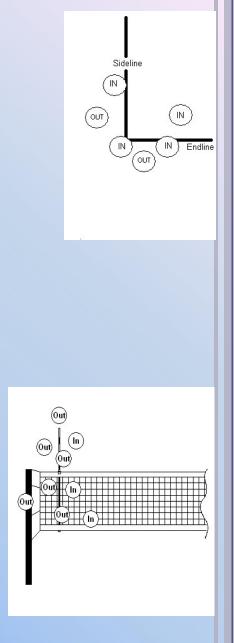


#### **PLAYABLE OVERHEAD OBSTRUCTIONS**

- A ball striking the ceiling or an overhead obstruction above a playable area shall remain in play, provided:
  - The ball contacts the ceiling or obstruction on the side of the net extended that is occupied by the team that last played the ball
  - And the ball is legally played next by the same team
- Examples of common overhead obstructions
  - Raised basketball backboards
  - Banners
  - Cables
  - Roof beams

## OUT OF BOUNDS

- A ball is out of bounds and becomes dead when it TOUCHES:
  - A wall or objects mounted flush with a wall
  - The floor completely outside the court's boundary lines
  - The net antennas or does not pass over the net entirely between the net antennas
  - The net cables or net not completely inside the antenna, net supports or referee's platform
  - A nonplayer who is not interfering with a player's legitimate effort to play the ball
  - The ceiling or overhead obstructions after the third hit
  - The ceiling or overhead obstructions and then directly crosses the vertical plane of the net and its out-of-bound extensions
  - The ceiling or overhead obstructions beyond the vertical plane of the net and its out-of-bound extensions
  - (Or enters from the direction of the court) a nonplayable area beyond the legal reach of a player, or adjacent courts scheduled for play
  - Any part of a backboard or its supports hanging in a vertical position, over a playable area if it is a served ball
  - Any part of a backboard or its supports if in the judgment of the referee the ball would not have remained in play if the backboard had not been there



## **RESTRICTED PLAY**

• A Referee shall stop play when:



- A wall, floor obstacle, nonplayable area or nonplayer interferes with a player's legitimate effort to play the ball
- A player gains an illegal advantage by contacting any floor obstacle, wall or another player
- It is necessary to prevent player injury from contact with obstacles or walls
- The ball contacts any part of a backboard or its supports which is hanging in a vertical position over a playable area
- A player may play a ball over a nonplayable area if the player has a body part in contact with a playable are at the time the ball is contacted
  - Exception: When competition is scheduled to occur on adjacent courts, no player or ball may enter or break the plane of the adjacent court before, during or after playing the ball.

#### PENALTIES

- Out of bounds Loss of rally/point is awarded to the opponent
- Restrict play
  - When a wall, floor obstacle or nonplayable area that is less than 6 feet from a boundary line causes play to end – a replay is declared provided the player had a legitimate play on the ball
  - When a nonplayer causes the play to end a replay is declared provided the player had a legitimate play on the ball
  - When the ball would have remained in play had the vertical backboard not been over the playable area (referee judgment) – a replay is granted
  - In all other situations a loss of rally/point is awarded to the opponent